

**Explained by ARPA Consulting**



**European Gateway Strategy 2021-2027**





# 1. Key Ideas of the Global Gateway



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“The Global Gateway stands for sustainable and trusted connections for people and the planet. It will help to tackle the most pressing global challenges.”

European Commission



## 5 Sectors

Health, Digital, Education, Climate & Energy and Transport.



## Equality

Equally beneficial for the EU and its partners.



## European Values

Democracy, Human Rights, Rule of Law, Fundamental Freedoms.



## Green & Secure

Green transition friendly and resilient projects.

## 2. Context



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Today we have a disconnected global structure: Digital, energy and transport networks are not strong enough for today's society's needs.



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Complexity of the international landscape: There is a huge diversity among political powers concerning values, structure and political objectives.



Priority to make EU connectivity strategies global: The EU has already implemented strategies with Asia, Africa and Latin America.

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Reduction of world investment deficit: expected to reach €13 trillion by 2040.



Democracies need to demonstrate they can deliver to spread and enhance the power of democratic values.

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# 3. Objectives of the Global Gateway

## Private Investments

The EU projected up to €300 billion, which is expected to be accomplished with the boost of investments from the private sector.

## Team Europe Approach

Merge the contributions of the EU, Member States and European Financial Institutions such as Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument.

## Physical Infrastructure

Build and strengthen digital, transport and energy infrastructure to create better connectivity with key partners.

## Use of new financial tools

Under the multi-annual financial framework the EU has created new financial tools, namely the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument.

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## Q 4. Conclusions



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The Global Gateway is an European effort to counter balance the progress of the Chinese Belt and Road Initiative.

The strengthening of networks needs to take into account sustainability and the impact in key partners, as well as political interests.

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Covid-19 showed the consequences of the deficits in connectivity around the globe and the need for common solutions to tackle global challenges.

The EU wants to maintain and enhance its influence to promote its core values among key partners, such as Japan, India or the Western Balkans.

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